CLAIM AMENDMENTS

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for obtaining a plant plants [[,]] tolerant with increased tolerance to abiotic drought or salt stress conditions relative to a corresponding wild type plant, said method comprising:
- (a) introducing into one or more [[a]] cells, plant cell, plant tissue or organs of a plant, a nucleic acid molecule encoding or regulatory sequence wherein the introduction of said nucleic acid molecule results in the presence of a Cyclin Dependent Kinase (CDK) protein that is not susceptible to inhibitory phosphorylation under abiotic stress conditions mutein operably linked to a promoter which functions in a plant cell, wherein the CDK mutein has a non-phosphorylatable amino acid residue in a position that corresponds to the tyrosine located at position 15 in the amino acid sequence of *Arabidopsis thaliana* CDKA;1, and wherein the CDK mutein comprises a PSTAIRE cyclin binding motif;
 - (b) regenerating plants from the one or more cells, tissue or organs of (a);
 - (c) exposing the regenerated plants of (b) to drought or salt stress conditions; and
- (d) selecting a plant with increased tolerance to drought or salt stress conditions compared to a corresponding wild type plant.
 - 2. (Cancel)
 - 3. (Cancel)
 - 4. (Cancel)
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[4]] 1 wherein the CDK mutein further comprises a non-phosphorylatable amino acid residue in is free of phosphate at the tyrosine at a position that corresponds to the threonine located at position [[15]] 14 in the amino acid sequence of Arabidopsis thaliana CDKA;1.

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 5, wherein the CDK protein mutein is free of phosphate groups at both the tyrosine and the threonine[[,]] amino acid residues corresponding to the tyrosine at position 15 and the threonine at position 14, in the amino acid sequence of CDKA; 1 of Arabidopsis thaliana.
 - 7. (Cancel)
 - 8. (Cancel)
 - 9. (Cancel)
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method of any one of claim [[7 to 9]] 1 or 5, wherein the CDK mutein comprises a Y-15 > F-15 mutation non-phosphorylatable amino acid residue is phenylalanine.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[10]] 5, wherein the CDK mutein further comprises a T-14>A-14 mutation non-phosphorylatable amino acid residue is alanine.
 - 12. (Cancel)
- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said non-phosphorylated form of CDK is due to dephosphorylation and/or inhibition of phosphorylation of CDK.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method claim 13, wherein said dephosphorylation is conferred by CDC25 or a functional analogue thereof, capable of dephosphorylation at least the tyrosine at position 15 of the endogenous CDK of said plant.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 13, wherein sad inhibition of phosphorylation is conferred by the suppression of expression or activity of Wee-kinase, MIK, MYT or a functional equivalent thereof, inhibiting the endogenous phosphorylation of at least the tyrosine at position 15 of the CDK of the said plant.

- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14 wherein said nucleic acid molecule encodes said CDC25, Wee-kinase MIK, MYT or functional analogue or equivalent thereof.
 - 17. (Cancel)
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 47 1 or 5, wherein the <u>nucleic acid</u> molecule encoding a CDK mutein operably linked to a promoter which functions in a plant cell regulatory sequence further comprises [a promoter,] at least one of an enhancer, silencer, intron sequence, 3' UTR region, and/or 5' UTR region, protein and or RNA stabilizing elements element.
- 19. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 18, wherein said regulatory sequence the promoter is a chimeric, tissue specific, constitutive or inducible promoter.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 19, wherein said the inducible promoter is inducible by abiotic salt or drought stress.
 - 21. (Cancel)
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method of any one of claims [[1 to 21]] 1, 5, 6, or 11, wherein said plant is a monocotyledonous or a dicotyledonous plant.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of any one of claims claim 1 [[to 3]] or 5 wherein said the plant is a crop plant, root plant, oil producing plant, wood producing plant, agricultured biocultured plant, fruit producing plant, fodder or forage legume, companion plant or horticultural plant.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 22 wherein said the plant is wheat, barley, maize, rice, carrot, sugar beet, ehicory[[,]] cotton, sunflower, tomato, eassava[[,]] grapes, soybean, sugar cane, flax, oilseed rape, tea[[,]] canola, onion, asparagus, carrot, eelery, lentil, broccoli, cauliflower, brussel sprout, artichoke, okra, squash, kale, collard greens[[,]] rye, sorghum, oats, tobacco, pepper, grape, or potato.

- 25. (Currently Amended) A vector comprising the <u>a</u> nucleic acid molecule <u>of claim</u> 20 <u>encoding a Cyclin Dependent Kinase (CDK) mutein wherein the CDK mutein comprises a</u> <u>phenylalanine at a position corresponding to residue 15 in *Arabidopsis thaliana* CDKA;1, or wherein the CDK mutein comprises an alanine and phenylalanine at positions corresponding to residues 14 and 15 respectively, in *Arabidopsis thaliana* CDKA;1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to a chimeric, tissue-specific, or abiotic stress-inducible promoter.</u>
- 26. (Currently Amended) A transgenic plant cell comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 25 at least one nucleic acid molecule of claim 20.
 - 27. (Cancel)
- 28. (Previously Presented) A transgenic plant or plant tissue comprising plant cells of claim 26.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The transgenic plant of claim 28 which displays increased tolerance to abiotic stress, preferably osmotic drought or salt stress[,] compared to [the] a corresponding wild type plant.
 - 30. (Cancel)
- 31. (Currently Amended) Harvestable parts or propagation material of a plant of claim 28 wherein the harvestable parts or propagation material comprise a nucleic acid molecule encoding a Cyclin Dependent Kinase (CDK) mutein wherein the CDK mutein comprises a phenylalanine at a position corresponding to residue 15 in *Arabidopsis thaliana* CDKA;1, or wherein the CKI mutein comprises an alanine and a phenylalanine at positions corresponding to residues 14 and 15 respectively, in *Arabidopsis thaliana* CDKA;1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is operably linked to a regulatory sequence comprising a chimeric, tissue-specific, or abiotic stress-inducible promoter.